

## CLAIMS

- 1/ A hook of the type comprising an end block (B) of synthetic material shaped to make the hook easier to hold in the hand, and having a passage (4) passing therethrough for slidably receiving the end of a cable (5) to which the hook is to be fixed, said passage having a taper which defines an abutment (4c) for stopping the end of the cable, <sup>which element</sup> which is enlarged after it has passed through the passage, whenever traction is exerted on the cable tending to extract it from the passage, the hook being characterized in that an annular metal insert (3) is embedded in the block around said passage in the vicinity of said stop abutment (4c).
- 2/ A hook according to claim 1, including metal reinforcement constituted by a rigid wire (A) having one end (1) curved into an upside-down J-shape (Figure 1) and having its other end bent so as to be situated in a plane perpendicular to the plane of the J-shape and curved into a ring so as to constitute said insert (3).
- Sub B. 3/ A hook according to claim 2, in which said annular insert (3) has an axis passing through the top (S) of the curve of the J-shape,
- 4/ A hook according to claim 2 ~~or 3~~, in which the reinforcement wire (A) is ~~A~~ flat.
- 5/ A hook according to <sup>claim 1</sup> ~~any one of claims 1 to 4~~, in which said passage (4) forms an inlet duct (4a) through which the non-enlarged end of the cable (5) is inserted into the hook, and an outlet duct (4b) larger than the inlet duct, and suitable for receiving the enlarged end of the cable, and opening out so as to face the curve of the J-shape, said passage forming a shoulder (4c) at the junction between the two ducts, thereby constituting said abutment.

5

a

G

15

20

25

add B<sub>2</sub>